SENATE BILL No. 49

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 35-38-5-1.

Synopsis: Expungement of arrest records. Provides for the expungement under certain circumstances of the arrest records of a person whose conviction has been vacated if the state may not or will not refile charges against the person.

Effective: July 1, 2006.

Bowser

January 9, 2006, read first time and referred to Committee on Judiciary.



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Second Regular Session 114th General Assembly (2006)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2005 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

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SENATE BILL No. 49

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning criminal law and procedure.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 33-38-3-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
2	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2006]: Sec. 1. (a) Whenever:
3	(1) an individual is arrested but no criminal charges are filed
4	against the individual; or
5	(2) all criminal charges filed against an individual are dropped
6	because:
7	(A) of a mistaken identity;
8	(B) no offense was in fact committed; or
9	(C) there was an absence of probable cause; or
10	(3) an individual's conviction has been vacated and the state
11	may not or will not refile charges against the individual;
12	the individual may petition the court for expungement of the records
13	related to the arrest.
14	(b) A petition for expungement of records must be verified and filed

(1) the court of conviction, if the individual has been convicted;

(2) the court in which the charges were filed, if the individual



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1	was charged but has not been convicted; or	
2	(3) if no criminal charges were filed, in a court with criminal	
3	jurisdiction in the county where the arrest occurred, if no	
4	criminal charges were filed.	
5	(c) The petition must set forth:	
6	(1) the date of the arrest;	
7	(2) the charge;	
8	(3) the date of conviction, if applicable;	
9	(4) the date the conviction was vacated, if applicable;	
0	(5) the basis on which the conviction was vacated (including	
.1	the opinion or order from a court), if applicable;	
2	(3) (6) the law enforcement agency employing the arresting	
.3	officer;	
4	(4) (7) any other known identifying information, such as the name	
.5	of the arresting officer, case number, or court cause number;	
6	(5) (8) the date of the petitioner's birth; and	
7	(6) (9) the petitioner's Social Security number.	
8	(c) (d) A copy of the petition shall be served on the law enforcement	
9	agency and the state central repository for records.	
20	(d) (e) Upon receipt of a petition for expungement, the law	
21	enforcement agency shall notify the court of the name and address of	
22	each agency to which any records related to the arrest were forwarded.	
23	The clerk shall immediately send a copy of the petition to each of those	
24	agencies. Any agency desiring to oppose the expungement shall file a	
25	notice of opposition with the court setting forth reasons for resisting the	
26	expungement along with any sworn statements from individuals who	
27	represent the agency that explain the reasons for resisting the	
28	expungement within thirty (30) days after the petition is filed. A copy	
29	of the notice of opposition and copies of any sworn statements shall be	
0	served on the petitioner in accordance with the Rules of Trial	
31	Procedure. The court shall:	
32	(1) summarily grant the petition;	
3	(2) set the matter for hearing; or	
34	(3) summarily deny the petition, if the court determines that:	
55	(A) the petition is insufficient; or	
66	(B) based on information contained in sworn statements	
37	submitted by individuals who represent an agency, the	
8	petitioner is not entitled to an expungement of records.	
19	(e) (f) If a notice of opposition is filed and the court does not	
10	summarily grant or summarily deny the petition, the court shall set the	
1	matter for a hearing.	
12	(f) (g) After a hearing is held under this section, the court shall	



grant the petition shall be granted of an individual who has not been convicted unless the court finds:	
(1) the conditions in subsection (a) have not been met;	
(2) the individual has a record of arrests other than minor traffic offenses; or	
(3) additional criminal charges are pending against the individual.	
(h) After a hearing is held under this section, the court shall	
grant the petition of an individual whose conviction has been	
vacated if the state may not or will not refile charges against the	
individual, unless the court finds that additional criminal charges	
are pending against the individual.	
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